according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Substance name : magnesium oxide

CAS-No. : 1309-48-4 EC-No. : 215-171-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub: : Raw material

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : LEHVOSS UK Limited

West Road Congleton 20 Cheshire 4ER CW12 United Kingdom

Telephone : 0044 1 260 291 000 Responsible/issuing person : EHuS@lehvoss.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone : (GB): National Poisons Inform. Service

0844 892 0111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

In accordance with EC directives or respective national laws, the product does not need to be classified nor labelled.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Substance name : magnesium oxide

CAS-No. : 1309-48-4

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

EC-No. : 215-171-9

No dangerous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.

Call a physician immediately. Keep patient warm and at rest.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and water.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids.

Consult a physician. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed : Do NOT induce vomiting.

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Call a physician immediately.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the

recovery position.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Spasm

Gastrointestinal discomfort

Local irritation Lachrymation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Not combustible.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Water

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Irritant, caustic, flammable, noxious/toxic gases and vapours

can develop in the case of fire and decomposition

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocar-

bons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Avoid dust formation.

Use non-slip safety shoes in areas where spills or leaks can

occur.

Sweep up to prevent slipping hazard. Wear personal protective equipment.

Avoid breathing dust.

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water

courses.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

Avoid dust formation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Avoid creating dust.

Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

plication area.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : Preventive skin protection (protective ointment for the skin)

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Ambient temperature

Store in original container.

Keep container tightly closed and dry.

Further information on stor-

age conditions

: This product is hygroscopic.

Avoid moisture.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 13, Non Combustible Solids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3 (Magnesium)	GB EH40
Further information	fractions of air in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when preshour TWA of This means the above these leposure to the contain particulof any particulody respons HSE distinguis ble' and 'respin material that expenses the contain particulor of any particulor and respin the contain particulor and respin that expenses the contain the	ses of these limits, reported dust which with the methods discribing analysis ition of a substance esent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts has must comply with les of a wide range of a reparticle after entry that it elicits, dependent of the service of the ser	espirable dust and inhalable ill be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater to mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific with the appropriate limit., Most in fisizes. The behaviour, depoy into the human respiratory so and on the nature and size of the strapproximates to the fraction mouth during breathing and intratory tract. Respirable dust	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The dust of any han 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. re exposed VELs and exndustrial dusts esition and fate system and the the particle. ermed 'inhalan of airborne s therefore

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

 Version 3.1
 Revision Date 18.03.2016
 Print Date 25.07.2016

]	to the fraction	that penetrates to the	ne gas exchange region of the	e luna. Fuller
	definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts			
	contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits			
	should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed,			
			exposure should be used	OD ELIAO
magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3 (Magnesium)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purpos	,		L dust are those
rutuei iniomation	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed,			
magnesium oxide	a figure three 1309-48-4	times the long-term (TWA (Fumes)	exposure should be used 4 mg/m3	GB EH40
		, ,	(Magnesium)	
Further information	fractions of air in accordance sampling and COSHH definitions are sampling and COSHH definition when present the sampling are shour TWA or This means the above these less posure to the contain particul of any particul body response HSE distinguishel and 'respin material that examples available for doto the fraction definitions and contain composhould be composited.	borne dust which with the methods digravimetric analysis ition of a substance sent at a concentrate inhalable dust or 4 that any dust will be sevels. Some dusts he must comply with es of a wide range of a wide range of a material entity in the sent that it elicits, dependented that it elicits, dependented that it entitled that it elicits, dependented that penetrates to the discontinuous that penetrates to the contents that have the applied with., Where responding the sent that the sent the sent that t	espirable dust and inhalable of the collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater to mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people at ave been assigned specific Vothe appropriate limit., Most in of sizes. The behaviour, depoy into the human respiratory so and on the nature and size of the first of the improvement of the fraction mouth during breathing and instruction in the first of the gas exchange region of the later given in MDHS14/3., Votro was signed WEL, all the proposure should be used	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The dust of any han 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. The exposed VELs and exhaustrial dusts estion and fate system and the the particle. The particle approximates the lung. Fuller Vhere dusts relevant limits

Further occupational exposure limits

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

 Version 3.1
 Revision Date 18.03.2016
 Print Date 25.07.2016

Description	Value type	Control parameters	Basis
magnesium oxideFor the	TWA	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
purposes of these limits, res-		_	
pirable dust and inhalable		(Magnesium)	
dust are those fractions of			
airborne dust which will be			
collected when sampling is			
undertaken in accordance			
with the methods described			
in MDHS14/3 General meth-			
ods for sampling and gravi-			
metric analysis of respirable			
and inhalable dust, The			
COSHH definition of a sub-			
stance hazardous to health			
includes dust of any kind			
when present at a concentra-			
tion in air equal to or greater			
than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA			
of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3			
8-hour TWA of respirable			
dust. This means that any			
dust will be subject to			
COSHH if people are ex-			
posed above these levels.			
Some dusts have been as-			
signed specific WELs and			
exposure to these must com-			
ply with the appropriate limit.,			
Most industrial dusts contain			
particles of a wide range of			
sizes. The behaviour, deposi-			
tion and fate of any particular particle after entry into the			
human respiratory system			
and the body response that it			
elicits, depend on the nature			
and size of the particle. HSE			
distinguishes two size frac-			
tions for limit-setting purpos-			
es termed 'inhalable' and			
'respirable'., Inhalable dust			
approximates to the fraction			
of airborne material that en-			
ters the nose and mouth dur-			
ing breathing and is therefore			
available for deposition in the			
respiratory tract. Respirable			
dust approximates to the			
fraction that penetrates to the			
gas exchange region of the			
lung. Fuller definitions and			
explanatory material are giv-			
en in MDHS14/3., Where			
dusts contain components			
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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

sion 3.1	Revision D	Revision Date 18.03.2016	
that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used magnesium oxideFor the	TWA	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the		(Magnesium)	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

neavy Magnesium Oxide - 25kg bag					
Version 3.1	Revision Date 18.03.2016		Print Date 25.07.2016		
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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1	Revision Date 18.03.2016	Print Date 25.07.2016
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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Effective exhaust ventilation system

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Material : Protective gloves

Remarks : Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indi-

cation of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of

cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Half mask with a particle filter P2 (EN 143)

Dust safety masks are recommended when the dust concen-

tration is more than 10 mg/m3.

Protective measures : When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place.

Do not breathe spray.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

 Version 3.1
 Revision Date 18.03.2016
 Print Date 25.07.2016

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : fine powder

granular

Colour : off-white

Odour : odourless

pH : ca. 10,4, 4 %

Melting point/range : > 2.500 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : ca. 3.600 °C

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Lower explosion limit : Not applicable
Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Vapour density : Not applicable
Relative density : 3,58 - 3,65

Density : 3,6 g/cm3

Bulk density : No data available
Water solubility : slightly soluble
Solubility in other solvents : Solvent: Alcohol

insoluble

Solvent: Acids

soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Exothermic reaction with acids.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed., Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Exothermic reaction with acids.

Reacts with water.

Oxidizing materials, halogens, and halogenated compounds.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Protect from moisture.

Avoid dust formation. Exposure to air.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids and oxidizing agents

Water Halogens

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of

fire/high temperature.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral Rat: 3.800 - 4.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: > 2.000 mg/kg

Target Organs: Skin

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

 Version 3.1
 Revision Date 18.03.2016
 Print Date 25.07.2016

Product:

slight irritation

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

No known sensitising effect.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

Product:

not hazardous

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration toxicity

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): > 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applica-

ble to inorganic substances.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be very persistent and

very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: not water endangering

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on

waste and hazardous waste.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : Not dangerous goods
RID : Not dangerous goods
IMDG : Not dangerous goods
IATA : Not dangerous goods

14.2 Proper shipping name

ADR : Not dangerous goods
RID : Not dangerous goods
IMDG : Not dangerous goods
IATA : Not dangerous goods

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

14.3 Transport hazard class

ADR : Not dangerous goods
RID : Not dangerous goods
IMDG : Not dangerous goods
IATA : Not dangerous goods

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not dangerous goods
RID : Not dangerous goods
IMDG : Not dangerous goods
IATA : Not dangerous goods

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR : Not dangerous goods
RID : Not dangerous goods
IMDG : Not dangerous goods
IATA : Not dangerous goods

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

Other regulations : The product does not need to be labelled in accordance with

EC directives or respective national laws.

Magnesium oxide is exempted from registration, due to REACH regulation, annex V and regulation 987/2008/EC

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS : Update: 1990-06-15

Listed

Notification number: 215-171-9

EU. REACH - Annex V : Update: 2010-10-02

Listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Heavy Magnesium Oxide - 25Kg Bag

Version 3.1 Revision Date 18.03.2016 Print Date 25.07.2016

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information

Contact Point : Business Unit Magnesia

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.